WORKSHEET FOR REACTOR AND PLANT SYSTEM DEGRADED CONDITIONS

	<u> </u>						
Reference/Title (LER #, Inspection Report #, etc):	PWR EXAMPLE 3						
Factual Description of Identified Condition (statement of <u>facts</u> known about the issue, without hypothetical failures included): During a period of sub-zero temperatures, the licensee discovered that the minimum recirculation lines from the Safety Injection (SI) pumps were frozen. The licensee estimated that this condition had existed for 7 days.							
That existed for T days.							
System(s) and Train(s) with degraded condition: Both trains of Safety Injection							
Licensing Basis Function (if applicable): ECCS injection							
Maintenance Rule category (check one): _U risl Time degraded condition existed or assumed to exist: 7 day	· ·						
Functions and Cornerstones degraded as a result of the	is condition (check ⊤)						
INITIATING EVENT CORNER	RSTONE						
Transient initiator contribu	utor (e.g., reactor/turbine trip, loss offsite power)						
Primary or Secondary symmetry main steam/feedwater pip	stem LOCA initiator contributor (e.g., RCS or be degradations and leaks)						
MITIGATION CORNERSTONE	BARRIER CORNERSTONE						
U Core Decay Heat Removal	RCS LOCA mitigation boundary degraded (e.g., PORV block valve, PTS issue)						
U Initial injection heat removal paths	(c.g., r Orcy block valve, r ro issue)						
_U Primary (e.g., Safety Inj)	Containment integrity						
Low Pressure	Breach or bypass						
_U High Pressure	Heat removal, hydrogen or pressure control						
Secondary - PWR only (e.g., AFW)	Fuel cladding degraded						
U Long term heat removal paths (e.g., contmt sump recirculation, suppression pool cooling)							
Reactivity control							

PHASE 1 SCREENING PROCESS

Check the appropriate boxes U

Cornerstone(s) assumed degraded:

9 Initiating Event : Mitigation Systems 9RCS Barrier 9Fuel Barrier 9Containment Barrier If more than one Cornerstone is degraded, then go to Phase 2. If NO Cornerstone is degraded, then the condition screens OUT as "Green" and is not assessed further by this process. If only one Cornerstone is degraded, continue in the appropriate column below.

Initiating Event

1. Does the issue contribute to the likelihood of a Primary or Secondary system LOCA initiator?

9If YES \circ Go to Phase 2 If NO. continue

2. Does the issue contribute to both the likelihood of a reactor trip AND the likelihood that mitigation equipment will not be available?

$9 \text{lf YES} \circ \text{Go to Phase 2}$

9If NO, screen OUT

Mitigation Systems

1. Is the issue a design or qualification deficiency that does NOT affect operability per GL 91-18 (rev 1)?

9If YES \circ Screen OUT

If NO, continue

2. Does the Issue represent an actual Loss of Safety Function of a System?

☑If YES → Go to Phase 2

If NO. continue

3. Does the issue represent an actual Loss of Safety Function of a Single Train, for > TS AOT?

9If YES \circ Go To Phase 2

If NO. continue

4. Does the issue represent an actual Loss of Safety Function of a Single Train of non-TS equipment designated as risk-significant under 10CFR50.65, for > 24 hrs?

9If YES \checkmark Go To Phase 2

9 If NO, screen OUT

RCS Barrier

1. Go to Phase 2

<u>Fuel</u> <u>Barrier</u>

9 1.Screen OUT

Containmen t Barrier

1. TBD

Result of the Phase 1 screening process: _____ screen OUT as "Green" ____U_ go to Phase 2 Important Assumptions (as applicable):

Operator cannot recover SI system.

Example initiating scenarios to be considered

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Affected system	Major Components	Support Systems	Initiating Event Scenarios				
A = 1.10	AFWTDP/Valves Control I&C	125 V-DC 115 V-AC	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP,				
AFWS	AFWMDP Control I&C	4KV bus A&B 125 V-DC, 28 VDC, 115 V-AC, and HVAC	MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, ATWS				
HHSI & HHSI (Recirc)	Pumps Valves I&C including DC for 4.16 KV breakers	4.16KV, and 125VDC, 28 VDC, SW, CCW, and HVAC	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, ATWS				
SI & SI (Recirc.)	Pumps Valves	4.16KV, and 125VDC, 28VDC, SW, CCW, and HVAC	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks.				
LPSI/RHR/ (Recirc.)	Pumps Valves	4.16KV, and 125VDC, 28 VDC, SW, CCW, and HVAC	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA				
CS & CS (Recirc.)	Pumps Heat Exch. Valves	4.16 KV, 125 VDC, CCW, 28 VDC, HVAC, SW	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA				
EDG	Cooling (unit1 only) HVAC Start system Fuel system	Service Water, 125 VDC, 28 VDC, and HVAC	LOOP				
CCW	Pumps Valves Heat Exch.	41.6 KV,125 VDC, 28 VDC, SW for room cooling	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA, ATWS				
Service Water	Pumps Vlaves	4.16 KV, 125 V DC	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA, ATWS				
SG PORV	Valves	115 VAC Control Air	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA, ATWS				
PORV	Valve	125 VDC 28 VDC and 115 VAC (for Control)	Transient ¹ , LOOP, MSLB (Outside Cont.), SGTR, SLOCA from PORV/SRV/RCP, MFLB, MSLB (inside Cont.), SLOCA from pipe breaks, M/L LOCA, ATWS				
Accumulators	Valves	Nitrogen	M/L LOCA				

Note: Transient scenarios should be developed from those transient initiators that could have the greatest risk significance. For example, develop loss of DC bus transient scenarios for degraded 125v DC or AC power equipment, as well as other transient initiators that may depend on equipment being supplied from degraded power sources. The choice of which transient scenarios to develop should generally be apparent from the specific given condition.

Row	Approx. Freq.	Example Event Type	Estimate	Rating	
I	>1 per 1 - 10 yr	Reactor Trip Loss of Power Conv. Sys. (loss of condenser, closure of MSIVs, loss of feedwater)	A	В	С
II	1 per 10 - 10² yr	Loss of Offsite Power Small LOCA (BWR) (Stuck open SRV only) MSLB (outside cntmt)	В	С	D
III	1 per 10 ² - 10 ³ yr	SGTR Stuck open PORV (PWR) Small LOCA (PWR) (RCP seal failures and stuck open SVs only) MFLB MSLB (inside PWR cntmt)	С	D	E
IV	1 per 10 ³ - 10 ⁴ yr	Small LOCA (pipe breaks) ATWS-PWR (elect only)	D	E	F
V	1 per 10⁴ - 10⁵ yr	Med LOCA Large LOCA (BWR) ATWS-BWR	E	F	G
VI	<1 per 10 ⁵ yr	Large LOCA (PWR) ATWS-PWR (mech only) ISLOCA Vessel Rupture	F	G	Н
			> 30 days	30-3days	<3 days
			Exposure Time for Degraded Condition		

Table 1 - Estimated Likelihood for Initiating Event Occurrence During Degraded Period

Exposure	time 7 days Table 1 result (circle): A (B) C D E F (ЭН					
Full Creditable	Full Creditable Mitigation Capability for each Safety Function:						
1 / 2 Feedwater trains and 1/3 condensate pump (1 multi-train system requires operator action) 1 / 2 MDAFW trains (1 multi-train system) or 1 TDAFW train (1 diverse train) 2 / 2 PORVs open for Feed/Bleed (operator action under high stress) 1 / 2 Charging trains or 1 / 2 SI trains (2 multi-train system) 1 / 2 Charging trains or 1 / 2 SI trains taking suction from 1 / 2 LPSI trains (LPSI= 1 multi-train system but also requires human action for switching the suction to sump) 1 / 2 LPSI trains (1 multi-train system but it also requires manual action for switch over to sump) 1 / 2 CS trains (1 multi-train system) or 3 / 5 CFCII trains (1 multi-train systems)							
Recovery of failed train	Remaining Mitigation Capability Rating for each affected sequence	Sequence Color					
0	(AFW = 3) + (TDAFW = 1) + (PCS = 2) + (CHG = 3) Total = 9	GREEN RESULT					
0	(AFW = 3) + (TDAFW = 1) + (PCS = 2) + (HPR = 2) Total = 8	GREEN RESULT					
	Full Creditable 1 / 2 Feedwater 1 / 2 MDAFW tra 2 / 2 PORVs ope 1 / 2 Charging trains 1 / 2 Charging trains 1 / 2 CS trains (Recovery of failed train	1 / 2 MDAFW trains (1 multi-train system) or 1 TDAFW train (1 diverse train) 2 / 2 PORVs open for Feed/Bleed (operator action under high stress) 1 / 2 Charging trains or 1 / 2 SI trains (2 multi-train system) 1 / 2 Charging trains or 1 / 2 SI trains taking suction from 1 / 2 LPSI trains (LPSI= 1 multi-but also requires human action for switching the suction to sump) 1 / 2 LPSI trains (1 multi-train system but it also requires manual action for switch over 1 / 2 CS trains (1 multi-train system) or 3 / 5 CFCU trains (1 multi-train systems) Recovery of failed train Remaining Mitigation Capability Rating for each affected sequence 0					

Identify any operator recovery actions¹ that are credited to directly restore the degraded equipment or initiating event:

Note 1: If operator actions are required to credit placing mitigation equipment in service or for recovery actions, such credit should be given only if the following criteria are met: 1) sufficient time i available to implement these actions, 2) environmental conditions allow access where needed, 3) procedures exist, 4) training is conducted on the existing procedures under conditions similar to the scenario assumed, and 5) any equipment needed to complete these actions is available and

Estimated Frequency (Table 1 Row)III	Exposure t	time <u>7 days</u>	Table 1 result (circle	e): ABC(<mark>D</mark>) I	E F G H		
Safety Functions Needed: Full Creditable Mitigation Capability for each Safety Function:							
Early Inventory, HP Injection (EIHP) Power Conversion System (PCS) Secondary Heat Removal (AFW) Primary Heat Removal, Feed/Bleed (FB) High Pressure Recirc (HPR) Low Pressure Recirc (LPR) Contmt Press/Temp Control (CNT)	1 / 2 Charging or 1 / 2 SI trains (2 multi-train systems) 1/3 condensate pump (1 multi-train system requires operator action) 1 / 2 MDAFW trains (1 multi-train system) or 1 TDAFW train (1 diverse train) 1 / 2 PORVs open for Feed/Bleed (operator action under high stress) 1 / 2 Charging trains or 1 / 2 SI trains taking suction from 1 / 2 LPSI trains (limited by LPSI= 1 multi-train system but also requires human action for switching the suction to sump)) 1 / 2 LPSI trains (1 multi-train system but also requires manual switch over action) 1 / 2 CS trains in recirculation mode (1 multi-train system) or 3 / 5 CFCU trains (1 multi-train systems)						
Circle affected functions 1 SLOCA - EIHP	Recovery of failed train	Remaining Mitigat (Charging = 3) To	on Capability Rating for o	each affected sequ	uence Sequence Color D3 GREEN		
2 SLOCA - AFW - PCS - FB							
3 SLOCA - AFW - PCS - CNT							
4 SLOCA - LPR							
5 SLOCA - HPR	0	(HPR =2 human ac	tion for switchover to su	mp) Total = 2	D2 WHITE RESULT		

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LOOP

Estimated Frequency (Table 1 Row)II		Exposure time 7	7 days Table 1 result (circle): A B (C) D E F	G H		
Safety Functions Needed: Full Creditable Mitigation Capability for each Safety Function:						
Emergency AC Power (EAC)		2 / 3 Emergency Diesel Generators (3 EDGs= 1 multi-train system, 2EDG=1 diverse train) or 1 Gas Furbine Generator (1 diverse train)				
Recovery of AC power in < 6 hrs (REC6)		•	AC to allow primary injection (Operator action under high stres	ss)		
Recovery of AC Power in < 2 hrs (REC2)	1 TDA		BO procedures, other than GTG, implemented (operator action	under high		
Early Inventory, HP Injection (EIHP)	1/20	harging trains	(1 multi-train system) or 1 / 2 SI trains (1 multi-train system)			
Secondary Heat Removal (AFW)		•	n) or 1 / 2 MDAFW trains (1 multi-train system)			
Primary Heat Removal, Feed/Bleed (FB)		<u>-</u>	Feed/Bleed (operator action under high stress)			
Low Pressure Recirc (LPR)		-	ulti-train system but also requires manual switch over action)	_		
High Pressure Recirc (HPR)			or 1 / 2 SI trains taking suction from 1 / 2 LPSI trains (1 multi-tr	ain system		
		•	nan action for switching the suction to sump)			
Contmt Press/Temp Control (CNT)	1/20	S trains in Reci	irc. Mode (1 multi-train system) or 3 / 5 CFCU trains (1 multi-tra	ain systems)		
Circle affected functions		Recovery of	Remaining Mitigation Capability Rating for each affected	Sequence		
		failed train	sequence	Color		
1 LOOP - EAC - REC6						
2 LOOP - EAC - REC2 - TDAFW						
3 LOOP - EAC - EIHP (RCP seal LOCA)		0	(EAC=3)+(GTG=2)+(EIHP=3) Total=8	GREEN		
4 LOOP - EAC - REC2 - FB (RCP seal LOCA)						
5 LOOP - EAC - REC2 - LPR (RCP seal LO	CA)					
6 LOOP - EAC - REC2 - HPR (RCP seal LOCA) 0			(EAC = 3) + (GTG = 2) + (REC2 = 1) + (HPR = 2) Total = 8	GREEN		
7 LOOP - AFW - FB						
8 LOOP - AFW - LPR						
9 LOOP - AFW - HPR		0	(AFW = 3) + (TDAFW = 1) + (HPR =2) Total = 6	GREEN		
10 LOOP - AFW - CNT						
		•	·	-		

Identify any operator recovery actions¹ that are credited to directly restore the degraded equipment or initiating event:

Note 1: If operator actions are required to credit placing mitigation equipment in service or for recovery actions, such credit should be given only if the following criteria are met: 1) sufficient time is available to implement these actions, 2) environmental conditions allow access where needed, 3) procedures exist, 4) training is conducted on the existing procedures under conditions similar to the scenario assumed, and 5) any equipment needed to complete these actions is available and

Estimated Frequency (Table 1 Row) <u>III</u>	Ехן	oosure time <u>7 days</u> Table 1 result (circle): A B C (D)	EFGH			
Safety Functions Needed:	Full Creditable Mitigation Capability for each Safety Function:					
Secondary Heat Removal (AFW) Primary Heat Removal, Feed/Bleed (FB) Primary/Secondary pressure	 1 / 2 Charging or 1 / 2 SI trains (2 multi-train systems) 1/2 MDAFW trains (1 multi-train system) or 1 TDAFW train (1 diverse train-assuming ruptured SG isolated) 2 / 2 PORVs open for Feed/Bleed (operator action under high stress) Pressure equalization below SG safety setpoints (operator action under high stress) - Note: 					
Makeup CST (MKCST)	Failure to equalize is assumed to result in failure to isolate the SG (loss of SG inventory to atmosphere) Operator alignment of fire main system, demineralized water, service water to CST makeup (operator action) Operator alignment of borated water sources to RWST (operator action)					
Circle affected functions 1 SGTR - AFW - FB	Recovery of failed train	Remaining Mitigation Capability Rating for each affected sequence	Sequence Color			
2 SGTR - EQ - EIHP	0	(EQ = 1) + (Chg = 3) Total = 4	D4 GREEN			
3 SGTR - EQ - MKCST - FB						
4 SGTR - EQ - AFW - MKRWST						
5 SGTR - EQ - MKCST - MKRWST						
6 SGTR - AFW - EIHP	0	(AFW = 3) + (TDAFW = 1) + (Chg = 3) Total = 7	GREEN			

Identify any operator recovery actions¹ that are credited to directly restore the degraded equipment or initiating event:

Note 1: If operator actions are required to credit placing mitigation equipment in service or for recovery actions, such credit should be given only if the following criteria are met: 1) sufficient time is available to implement these actions, 2) environmental conditions allow access where needed, 3) procedures exist, 4) training is conducted on the existing procedures under conditions similar to the scenario assumed, and 5) any equipment needed to complete these actions is available and

		Remaining Mitigation Capability Rating (with Examples)								
	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	3 diverse trains	1 train + 1 multi-train system	2 diverse trains	1 train + recovery of failed train	1 train	Recovery of failed train	none			
	OR	OR	OR	OR	OR	OR				
Initiating Event	2 multi-train systems	2 diverse trains + recovery of	1 multi-train system + recovery of failed train	1 multi-train system	Operator action	Operator action under high stress				
Likelihood	OR	failed train		OR	OR					
	1 train + 1 multi-train system + recovery of failed train			Operator action + recovery of failed train	Operator action under high stress + recovery of failed train					
A	Green	White	Yellow	Red	Red	Red	Red			
В	Green	Green	White	Yellow	Red	Red	Red			
С	Green	Green	Green	White	Yellow	Red	Red			
D	Green	Green	Green	Green	White	Yellow	Red			
E	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	White	Yellow			
F	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	White			
G	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green			
Н	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green			

Table 2 - Risk Significance Estimation Matrix (rev 6/10/99)